

KPME Developer Setup Guide V2

Introduction

Welcome to KPME! If this is your first time setting up your environment, please ensure that you have administrator access to the computer, otherwise some portions of this guide may not work.

This page extends on [KPME Developer Setup Guide](#), to include instructions for setting up KPME versions 2.0+. If you are setting up a workspace for projects **earlier** than V2.0, please refer to the original setup guide [KPME Developer Setup Guide](#).

Software Requirements

The following is a list of software that is essential to install in order to get a working KPME development environment up and running.

- JDK (Recommended JDK 7u55 64bit)
- Apache Maven 3.0.4
- MySQL 5.1 or above
- Eclipse + Subversive with required dependencies

Installation and Configuration

Follow the steps outlined by each bold heading below in order to configure the default development stack.

Install the JDK

- Download and install the latest Java 7 JDK. The 64bit version is preferred since it will be able to address more memory for your environment, but if you are limited on space, the 32bit version will also work.
- Add `JAVA_HOME` to your environment variables and set it to the base directory of your installation (Example: `C:\Java\jdk1.7.0_25`).
- Add `JAVA_HOME/bin` to your path.

Install Apache Maven

- Download and install the latest Apache Maven 3.
- Add `M2_HOME` to your O.S. environment variables and set it to the base directory of your installation (Example: `C:\Java\apache-maven-3.0.4`).
- Add `M2_HOME/bin` to your path.

Note: You **MUST** use the variable name `M2_HOME`. The launch configuration files reference this environment variable at run-time, and will give you a class load error if it is not defined correctly in your environment.

- (Optional) If you wish to change the location of your repository to something other than your home folder, create a file named "settings.xml" in `USER_HOME/.m2` with the following contents, replacing the path with your preferred location:

```
<settings>
  <localRepository>your/custom/path/to/repository</localRepository>
</settings>
```

Install a Database

The default database for KPME is MySQL 5.1 or above. While Oracle is also supported in releases, it is untested and therefore not ready for developers.

- Download and install MySQL Server Community Edition 5.1 or above. Make sure to select a **Detailed Configuration** and enable the following options:
 - Developer Machine
 - Multifunctional Database
 - Best Support for Multilingualism
- Install MySQL Workbench to manage and view your database. **Note:** This may require the installation of additional software, such

as VC++ and .NET packages.

- If you are on Linux or MacOSX, you need to set a parameter to force MySQL to store tables in lower case. To do this, go to `/etc/my.cnf` and make sure the following is set:

```
lower_case_table_names=1
```

Configuring the Database

The easiest way to set up databases and permissions is to do it via the command line, however you may wish to do this via your MySQL Workbench. Developers typically use two databases for their server and one database for their unit tests. The following table lists the default settings for these databases that will give the most minimal setup.

| | Schema/Name | Username | Password |
|-----------------------------|-------------|----------|----------|
| KPME Client Database | tk | tk | tk_tk_tk |
| Rice Server Database | krtt | krtt | krtt |
| Unit Test Database | tk_test | tk | tk_tk_tk |

To configure the database from the command line, use the root user name and password you created during MySQL Server installation to log into your database server, then issue the following two commands for each row in the above table. Replace *dbname* with the entries from column "**Schema/Name**" and *username* and *password* from the corresponding **Username** and **Password** columns.

```
CREATE DATABASE dbname CHARACTER SET utf8 COLLATE utf8_bin;  
GRANT ALL ON dbname.* TO 'username'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY 'password';
```

To configure the database using MySQL Workbench:

- Open MySQL Workbench
- Go to **SQL Development** and double-click on your local instance. For each database above:
 - Right-click on the left bar and select **Create Schema...**
 - Name it as above and select **utf8 - utf8_bin** for the collation. Apply these changes.
- Go to **Server Administration** and double-click on your local instance. For each database above:
 - Go to the **Accounts** tag and click on the **Add Account** button.
 - Add a user with the corresponding username and password and **Apply**.
 - Go to the **Schema Privileges** tag and select the database you are editing.
 - Click **Add Entry...**
 - Under the **Schema** section, check **Selected Schema**, select `localhost` and select the database you are editing, and click **OK**.
 - Click the **Select "ALL"** button and save your changes.

Intellij or Eclipse (choose one or both)

✓ [Install the Eclipse IDE](#)

Install the Eclipse IDE

The default development environment for KPME is Eclipse 3.5 or above. Any flavor should be ok, but it is recommended to start out with the Eclipse IDE for Java Developers since it is small.

- Download and install Eclipse 3.5 or above.
- Go to your install directory and edit `eclipse.ini`. You will need to add your JDK and other memory arguments to make sure your environment will run smoothly. The following has the recommended defaults but you may need to increase them in order to match your machine.

```
-vm
C:/Program Files/Java/jdk1.7.0_25/bin/javaw.exe
-vmargs
-Xms1024m
-Xmx1024m
-server
-XX:+CMSClassUnloadingEnabled
-XX:+CMSPermGenSweepingEnabled
-XX:+UseConcMarkSweepGC
-XX:PermSize=128m
-XX:MaxPermSize=128m
```

- Start eclipse and choose your preferred workspace.
- Verify that you are working on Java 6 by going to **Window -> Preferences -> Java -> Installed JREs**. Make sure that jre6 is selected.
- Disable validation by going to **Preferences -> Validation** and checking **Suspend All Validators**.
NOTE: Disabling Validations in this way does not seem to be working in Eclipse Kepler. It causes the kpme-web project build to hang. If you have problems with the build taking a very long time and not building, please see solution in the Troubleshooting section at the bottom of this page.

Install Subversive

- Click **Help -> Install New Software**.
- In the **Work with** drop down menu, select the <http://download.eclipse.org/releases> entry that matches your Eclipse version. Go to Collaboration and select all required Subversive entries.
- Click **Finish** and continue through all the screens in order to install your software.
- Restart Eclipse when prompted.

Install M2Eclipse (Optional)

Note: Only complete this step if using Eclipse 3.6 or below. Eclipse 3.7 and above have switched to an internal Maven implementation, m2e.

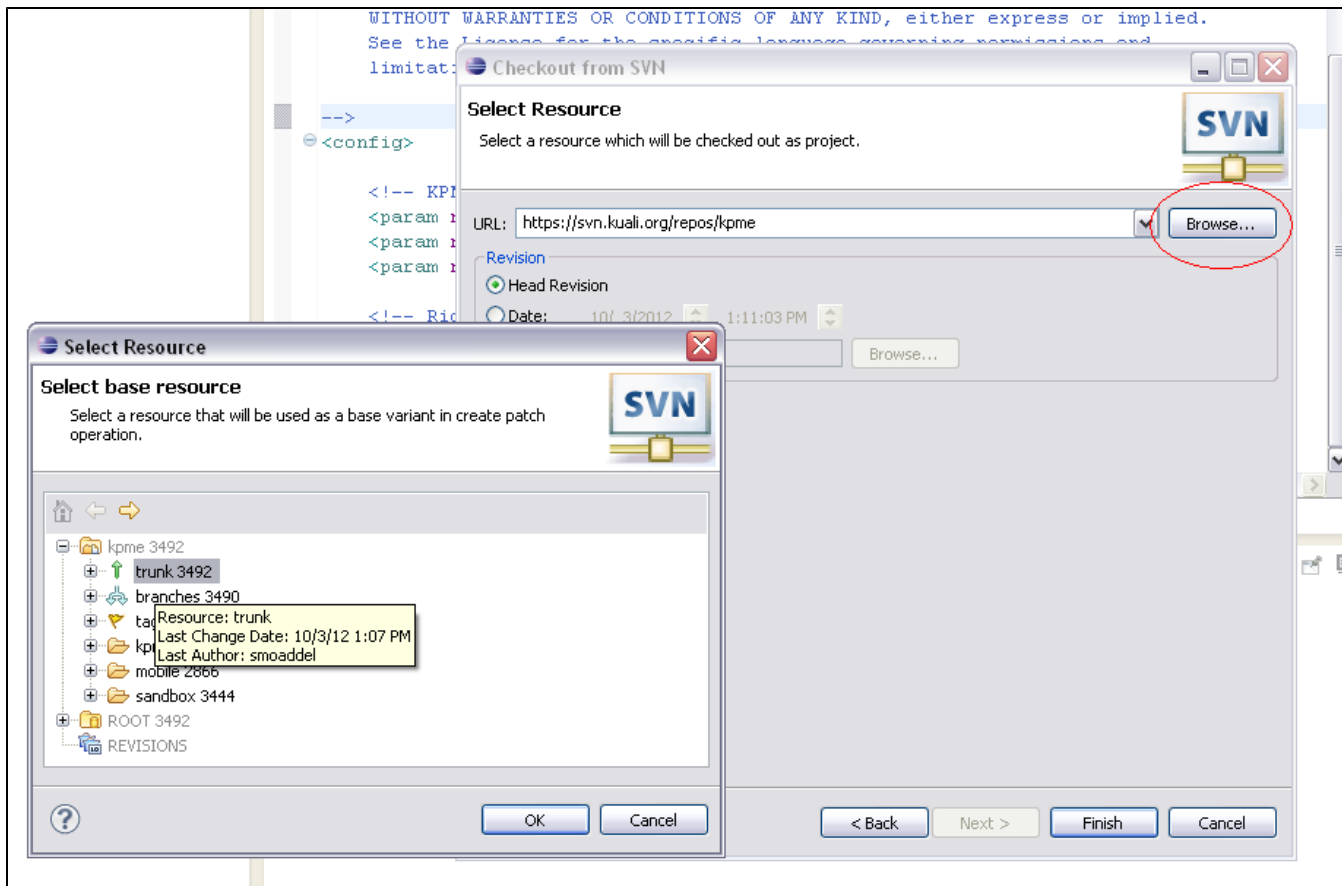
- **Help -> Install New Software**.
- Click **Add** and add the location <http://m2eclipse.sonatype.org/sites/m2e..>
- Select your new repository from the drop down list.
- Find and select **Maven Integration for Eclipse**.
- Click **Finish** and continue through all the screens in order to install your software.
- Restart Eclipse when prompted.

Create the KPME Maven Project in Eclipse

You will be loading the project into your workspace from a repository via the Subversive plugin.

Checkout and Configure the Project

- In Eclipse, right click in the **Package Explorer** window and select **New -> Other -> SVN -> Project from SVN**.
- Select the option to **Create a new repository location** and select **Next**.
- Enter the URL <https://svn.kuali.org/repos/kpme> and other authentication information. Select **Next** to continue.
- Select "Browse" to bring up a dialog box where you can select the branch you will be working on. Most developers will be on trunk, so just select `trunk` if you are not given any additional instructions.



- Click **Okay**, then click **Finish**.
- When prompted how you want to check out your project, select **Check out as a project with the name specified** and make sure the name is `kpme`. Click **Finish** to begin the install process.

At this point, Subversive for Eclipse will begin the checkout process for KPME and create a new project in your workspace. When the checkout process is complete, do the following

- Right click your new `kpme` project and select **Maven -> Enable Dependency Management**.
- **Note: If you are not given a menu entry for "Maven", you must convert the project to a maven project.** Right click on the project folder and select **Configure -> Convert to Maven Project**

Maven for Eclipse will download all the jars and files that are listed in the project POM's dependencies.

Install the Kuali Configuration File

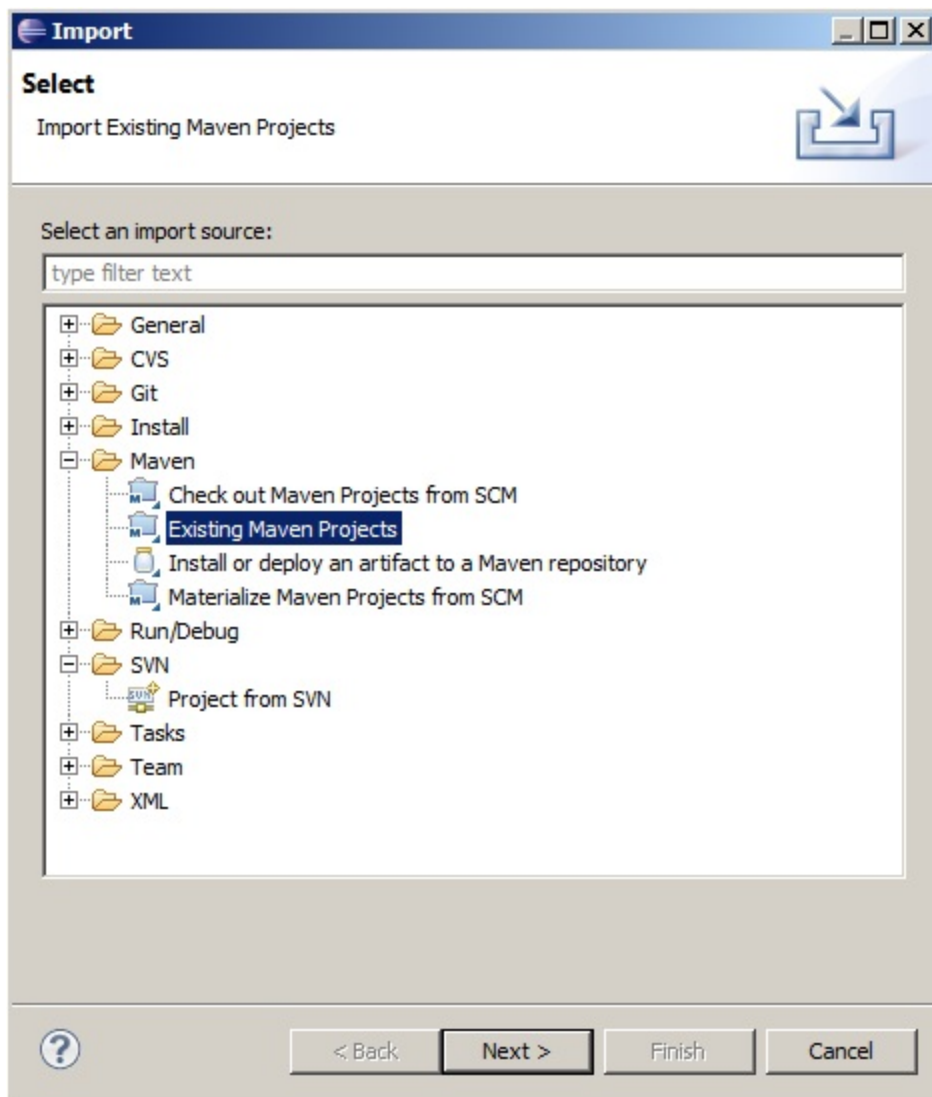
In your new project, go to `env/src/main/config` and copy the config files in the folder into your `USER_HOME`.

- The main configuration file `kpme-config.xml` for your server environment should be in `USER_HOME/kuali/main/dev/kpme-config.xml`.
- The test configuration file `kpme-test-config.xml` for your unit tests should be in `USER_HOME/kuali/test/dev/kpme-test-config.xml`.

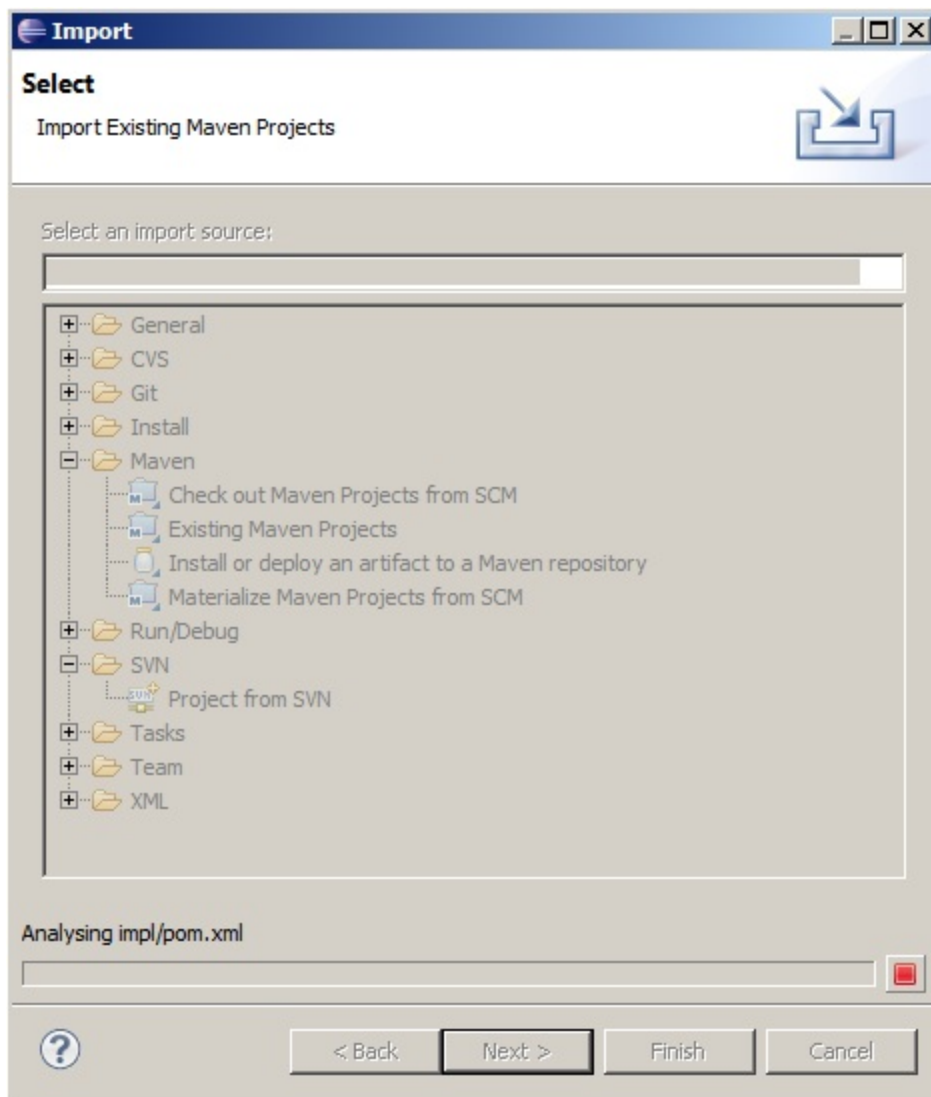
Import existing maven projects

Now that we have our base project imported into our workspace, we also need to import each of the projects sub modules. This import will not create duplicate projects folders on disk, but rather derive themselves from the existing project.

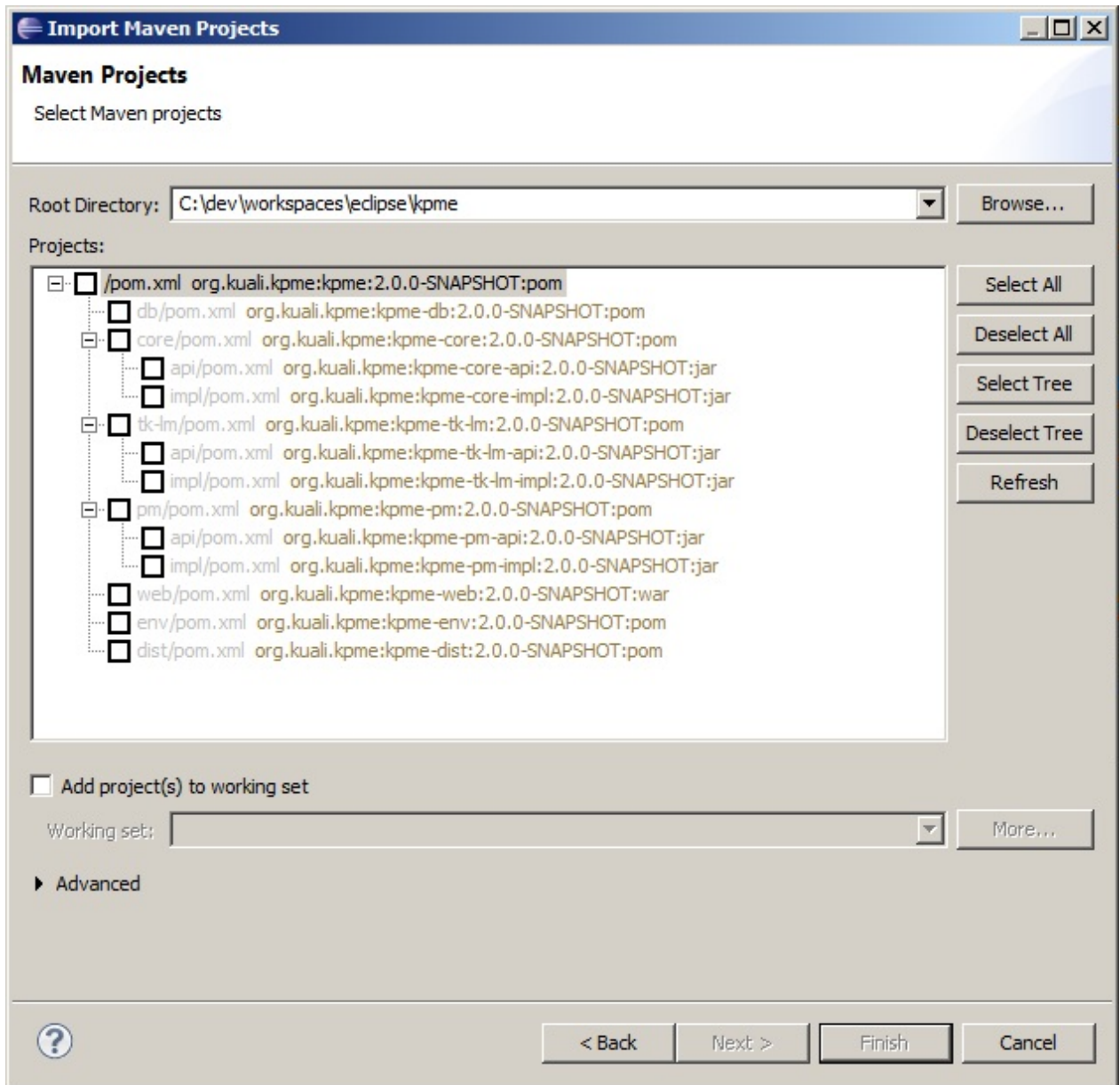
- In the package explorer view, right click on the project created in the previous sections and select "Import".
- In the dialog box that pops up, expand "Maven" and select "Import Existing Maven Project".



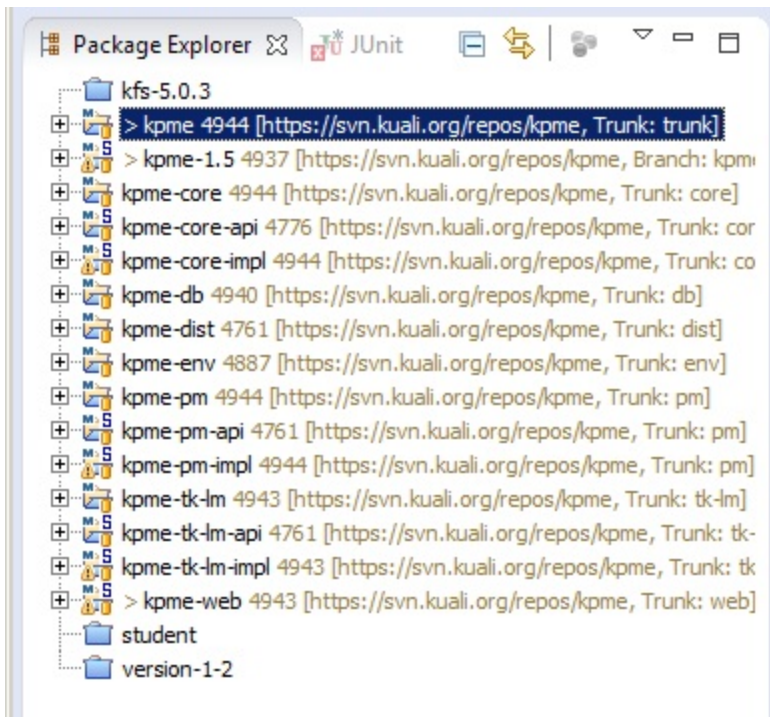
- If the correct project was right-clicked, eclipse's maven should begin scanning the project tree for buried poms. If not, you may need to browse for the location manually (example: kpme/core), or escape the dialog and try again.



- Once the analysis is complete, the "Import Maven Projects" dialog box should appear, populated with all poms under the project.



- Select all projects listed in the dialog box and click "Finish". This may take time, as the projects are imported and then converted to their maven form.



You'll notice the disdain in the workspace with all the newly imported projects. With Eclipse, we can employ the use of working sets to organize our workspace.

Working Sets (this step is optional)

Optionally you can set up Working Sets in Eclipse using the steps described here:

[Configure Working Sets](#)

Starting the Application Server

- The scripts to launch the application version 2.* reside in the `kpme-env` module. This module also contains the local Kualii configuration files needed for start-up.
- In Eclipse, expand the `kpme-env` project, and go to `src/main/scripts`, right-click on the launch file `KPME Jetty 7.launch` and select **Run As...** and the file name.
- If all goes well, the server will start up, populate your database, and then launch.
- Once you get the message that the server has started, open a browser and navigate to <http://localhost:8080/kpme-dev/Time.do>.

Troubleshooting

Error: Could not find or load main class org.codehaus.classworlds.Launcher

- At a command prompt:

```
>% mvn --version
```

- You should receive output that displays version information about your maven installation. If you do not, verify that you have added the variable name `M2_HOME`, and added it to your path.

Javascript Validation causing build to hang

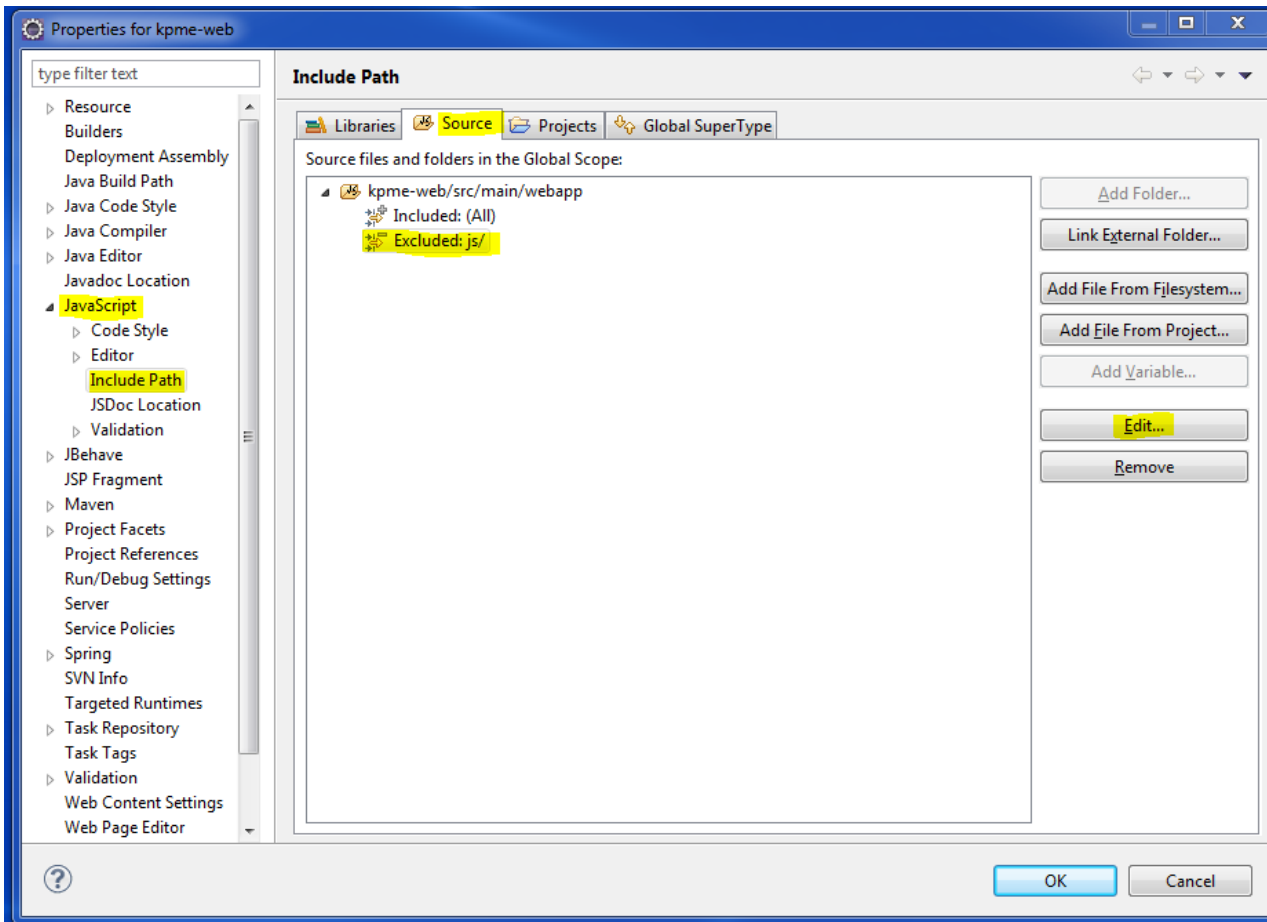
There are two methods for successfully turning off Javascript Validation in Eclipse:

1) Exclude from Path (best solution)

1.
 - a. Right click your project
 - b. Select Properties -> JavaScript -> Include Path
 - c. Select Source tab. (It looks identical to Java Build Path Source tab)
 - d. Expand JavaScript source folder
 - e. Highlight Excluded pattern
 - f. Click Edit button
 - g. Click Add button next to Exclusion patterns box and add the exclusion for the js folder.

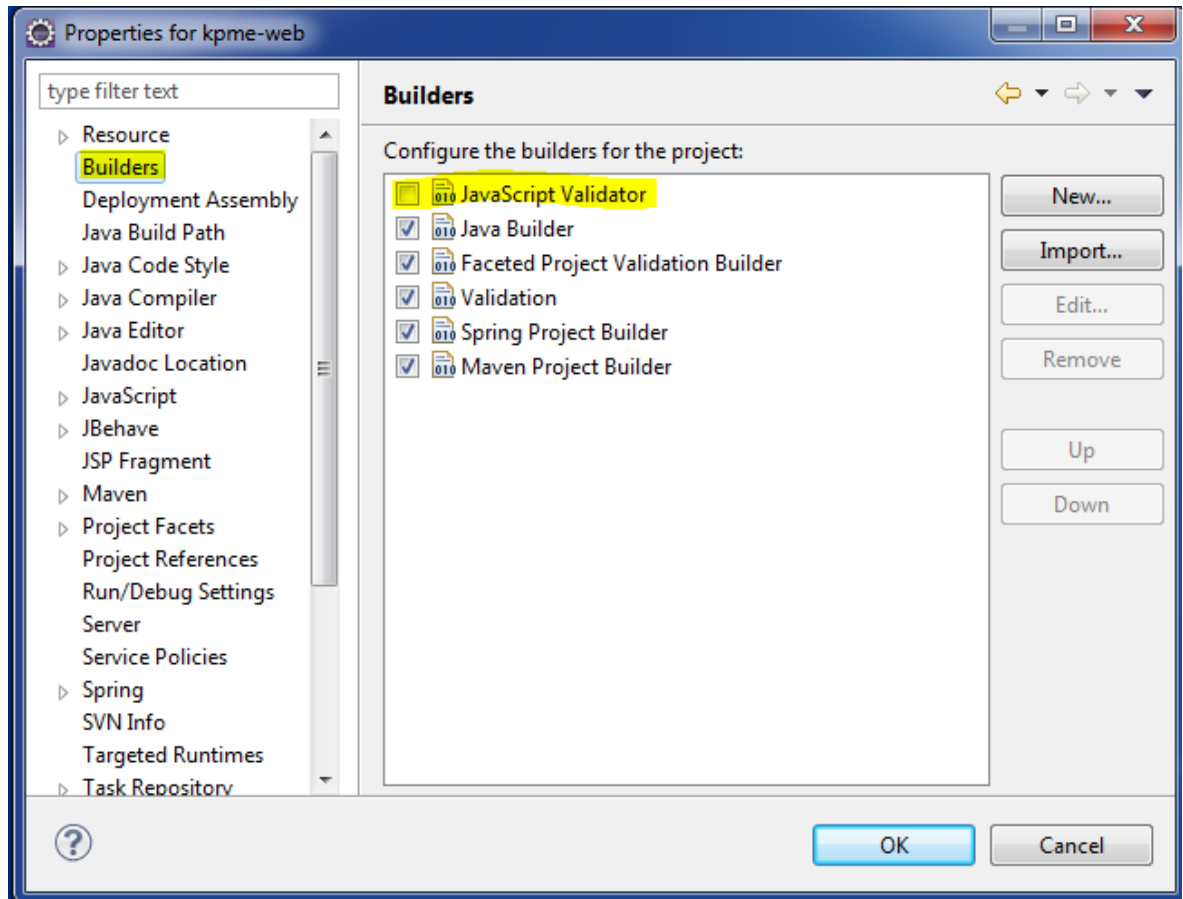
The information about JavaScript source inclusion/exclusion is saved into .settings/.jsdtscope file.

Here is how configuration looks with the js folder removed from validation



2) Turn off the JavaScript Validator in the "Builders" config for your project:

1.
 - a. Right click your project
 - b. Select Properties -> Builders
 - c. Uncheck the "JavaScript Validator"



Then restart your Eclipse.

▼ Install IntelliJ

Install the IntelliJ IDE

- Download and install the latest "ultimate" version of IntelliJ for your platform at <http://www.jetbrains.com/idea/download/>
- Open source licenses for Kuali development are available, ask you team leader.
- Go to your install directory, then open the 'bin' folder and edit `idea64.vmoptions`. You will want to increase the base memory settings, but the below should be a good starting point.

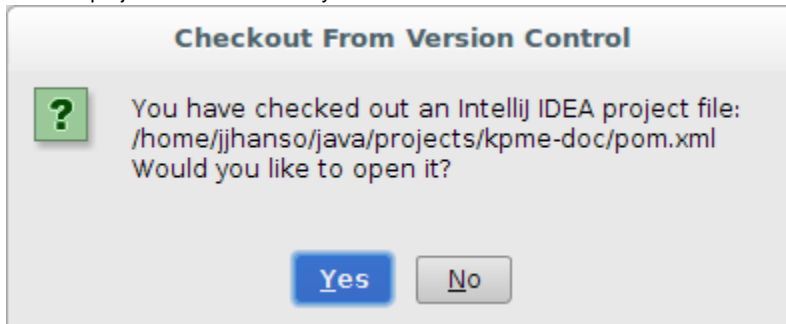
```
-Xms256m
-Xmx1024m
-XX:MaxPermSize=712m
-XX:ReservedCodeCacheSize=128m
```

- Start IntelliJ. It will ask you what plugins you want to enable. Selecting the default is fine.

Check out the KHR project from subversion

- Under "VCS", select "Checkout from Version Control" --> "Subversion"
- Click the green "+" button and add the kpme repository: <https://svn.kuali.org/repos/kpme>
- After adding the repository, it should be listed in the current window. Expand the repository and select the folder you want to check out (usually trunk or something in branches)
- Click "Checkout"
- Select your destination folder (usually something like `c:/java/projects/kpme` or `/java/projects/kpme`). You can create folders in this window if they do not exist.
 - Highlight (click) on the folder you want to check out the project to
- Click "OK"
- Click "OK" again

- Select your subversion working copy format.
 - 1.7 or 1.8 should work fine
 - generally it is a good idea to keep this in line with any other subversion client installations you are running (tortoiseSvn, collabnet, etc) to maintain compatibility
- Click "OK"
- After the project has downloaded you should see a window similar to this:



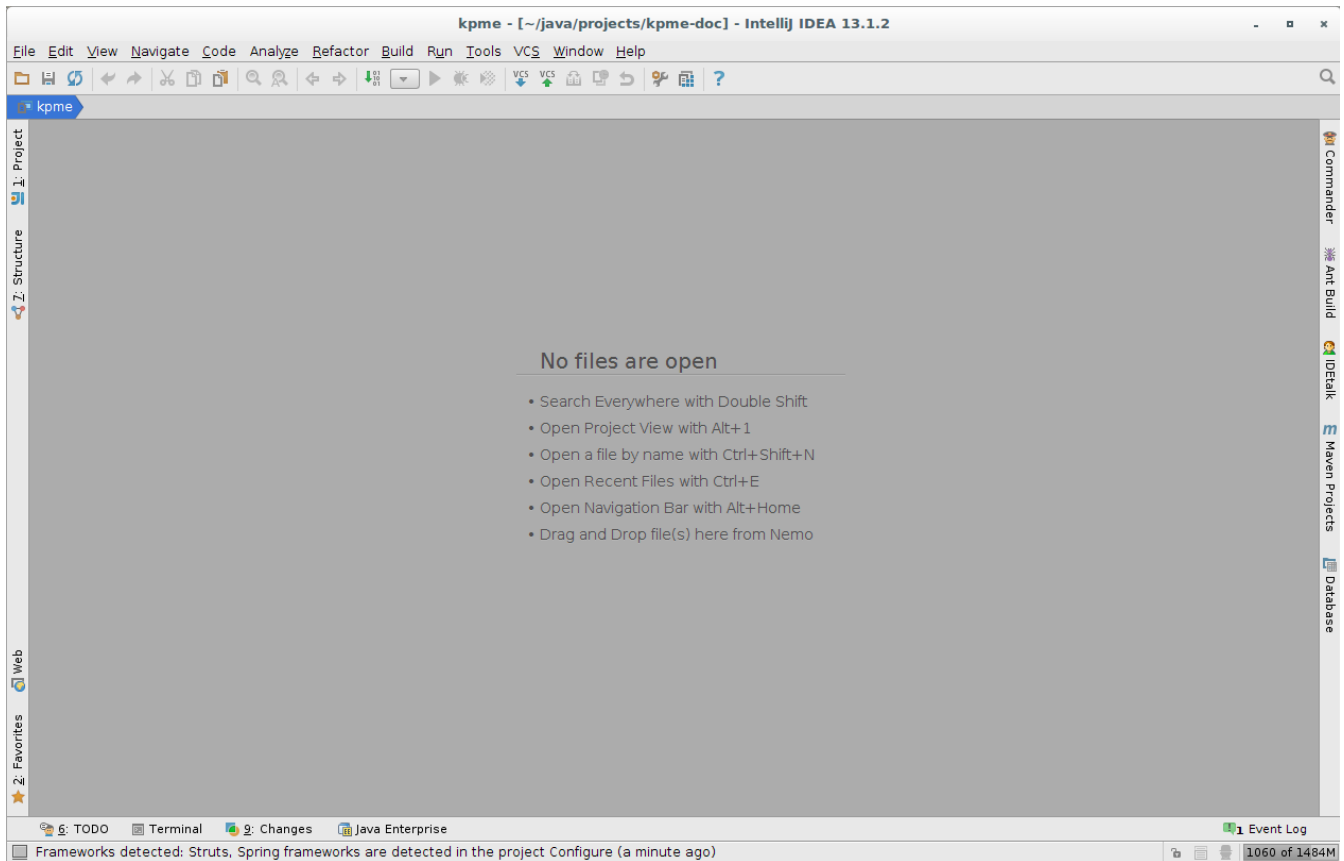
- Click "Yes"
- IntelliJ will then open your project, which may take several minutes.
 - During this, IntelliJ will ask you if you want to schedule several files for addition to subversion.
 - These are IntelliJ project files for each of the modules
 - Click "No"
- You may get a window saying "Language level changes will take effect on project reload. Would you like to reload the project "kpme" now?"
 - Click "Yes"
- IntelliJ will restart.

A few environment variables you need to set

- ANT_OPTS: -Xmx1g -XX:MaxPermSize=512m
- MAVEN_OPTS: -Xmx1g -XX:MaxPermSize=512m

A few common setup tasks

After IntelliJ restarts, you should be presented with a gray (or black) window that looks similar to this:



Couple of things to point out for new IntelliJ Users:

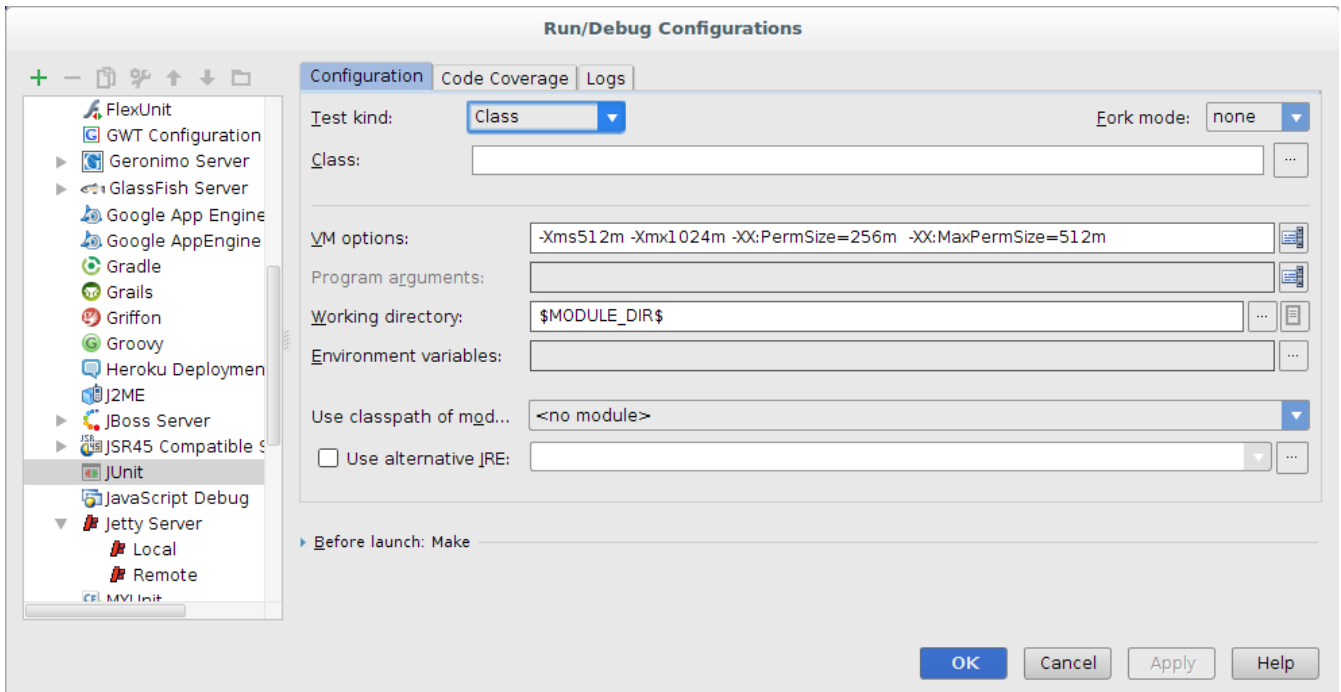
- Upper left of the workspace (big darker gray area) there is a button for "Project". Clicking this will give a very nice folder view of the project
- "Changes", bottom, next to TODO, and Terminal is your subversion client
 - Clicking this will present a window at the bottom with local changes, repository changes, and incoming changes tabs
 - To update your project to the latest code base, click Changes, Incoming, Refresh (button that looks like two arrows creating a circle), and then the Update Project button.

Setting up run configurations

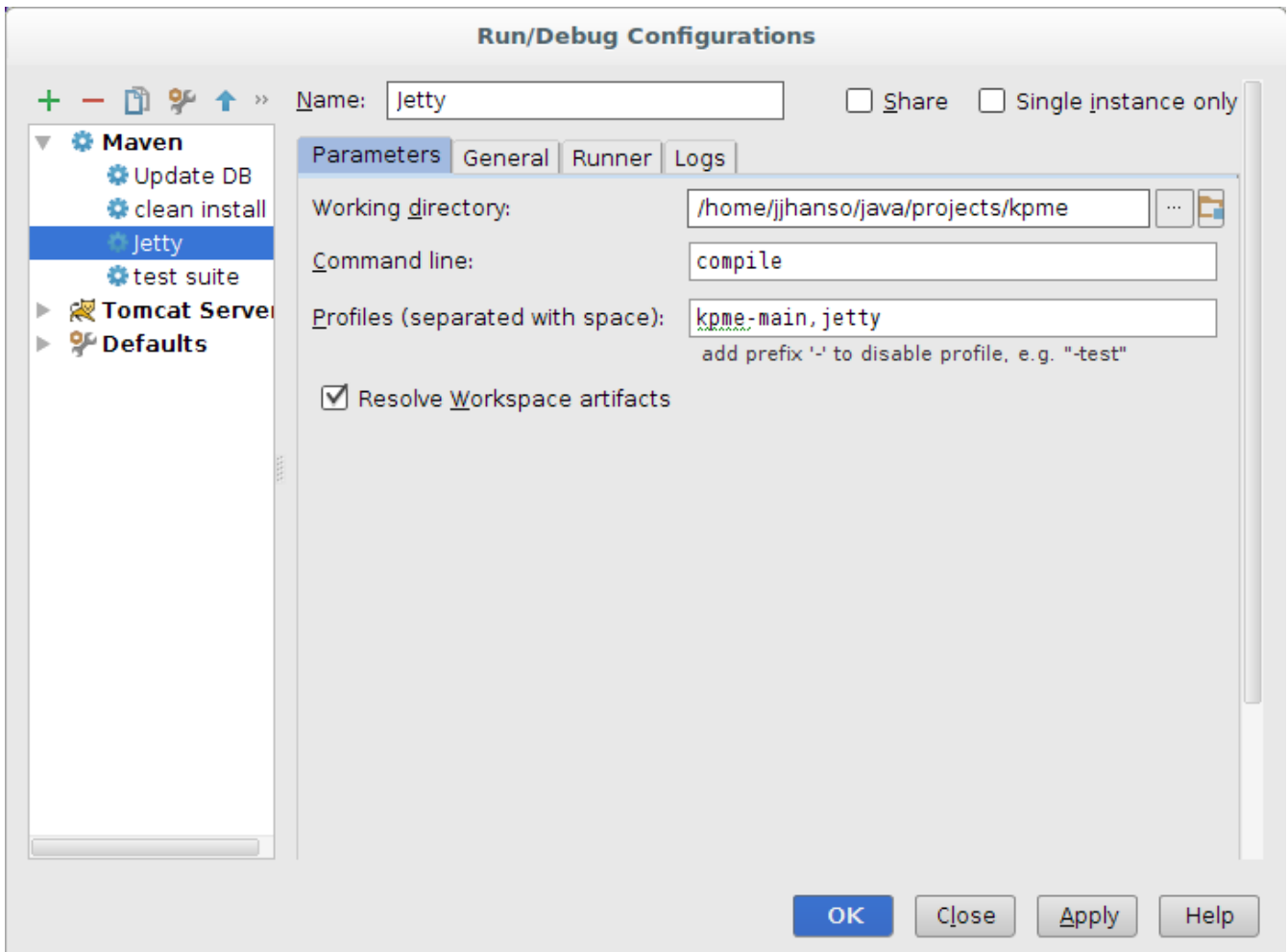
Several run configurations can be set up to make life easier.

Set JUnit defaults

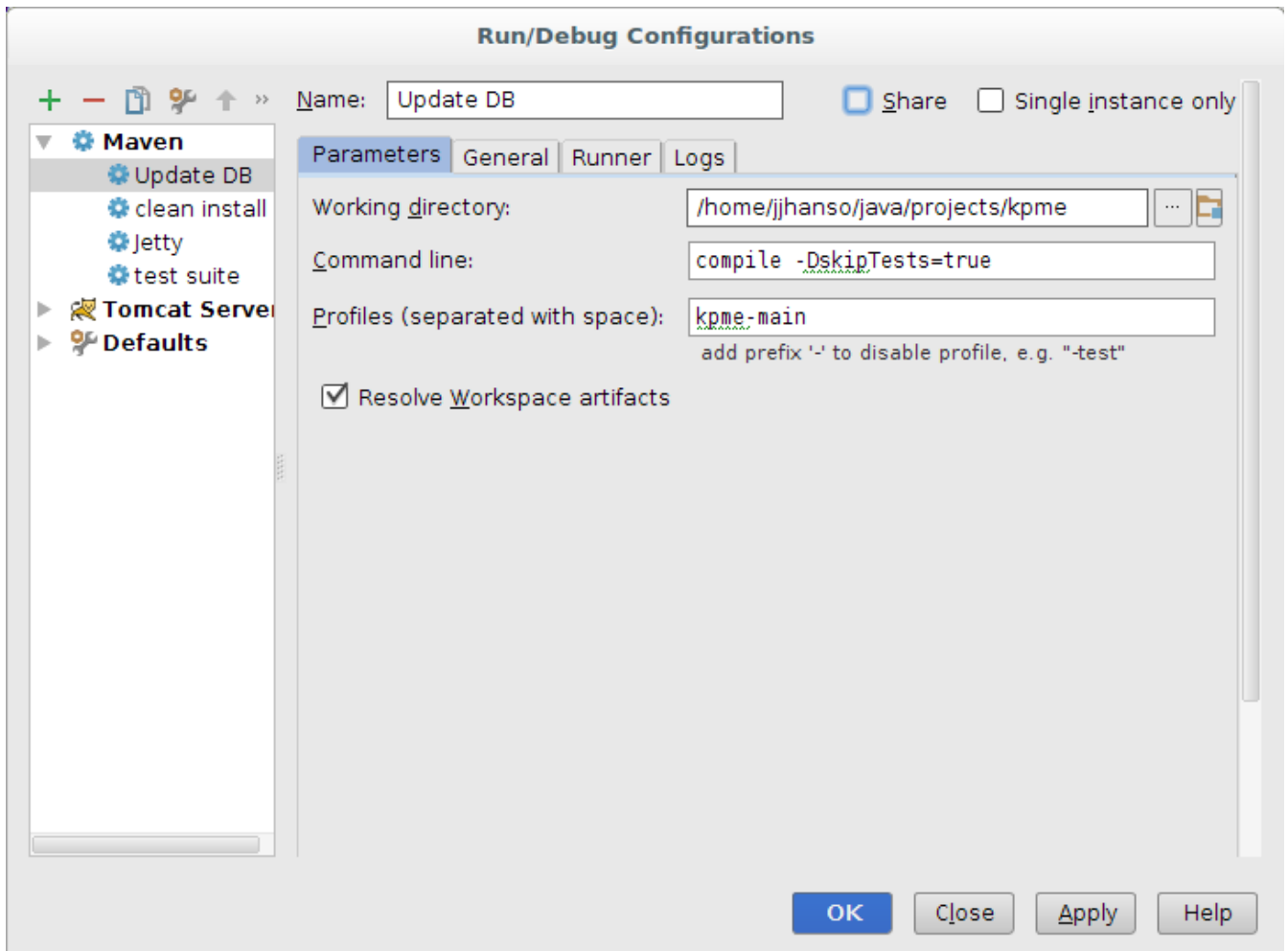
In the Run Configuration window (Run --> Edit Configurations), expand the Defaults, and select JUnit



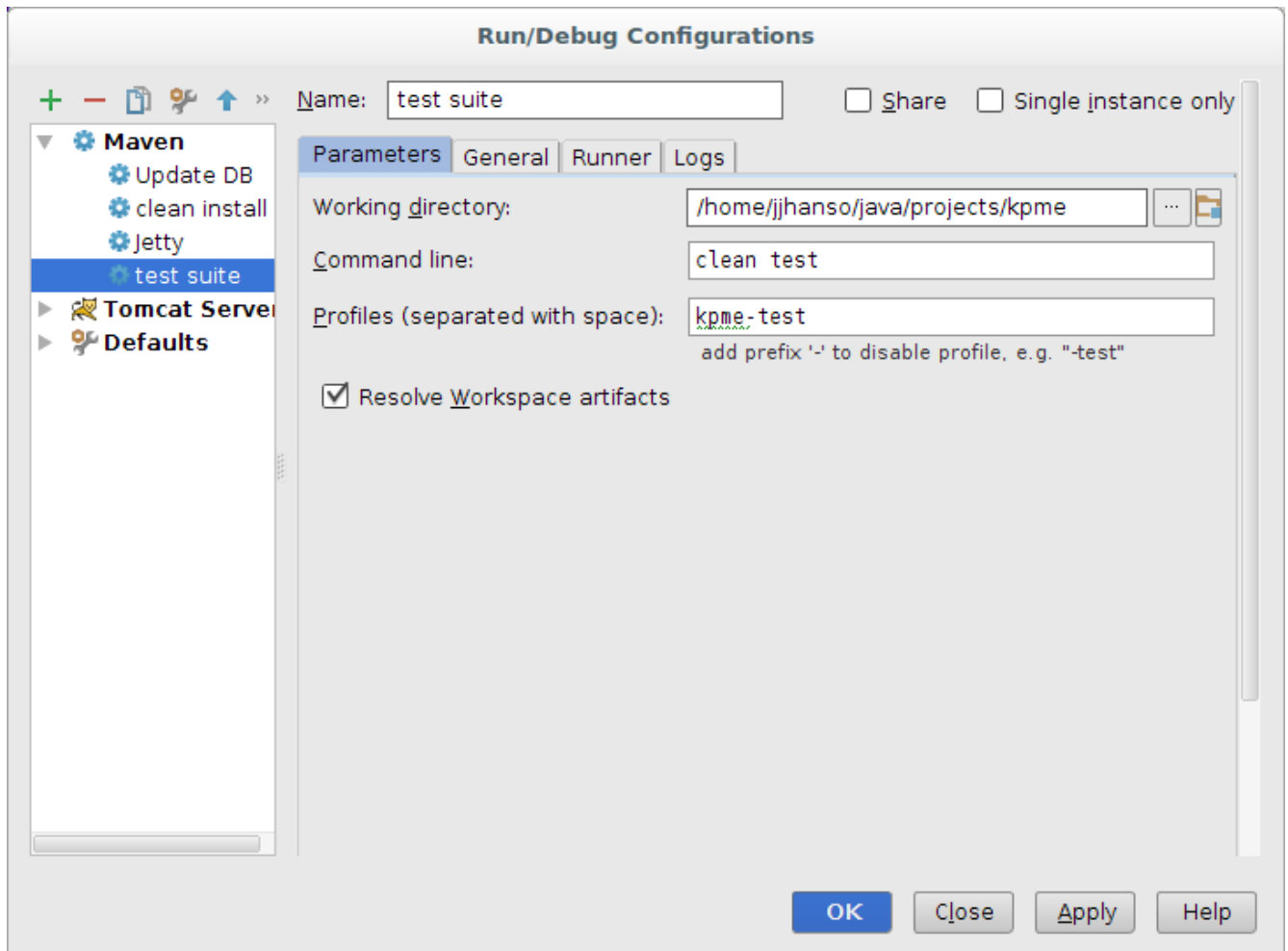
Jetty (Using maven plugin)



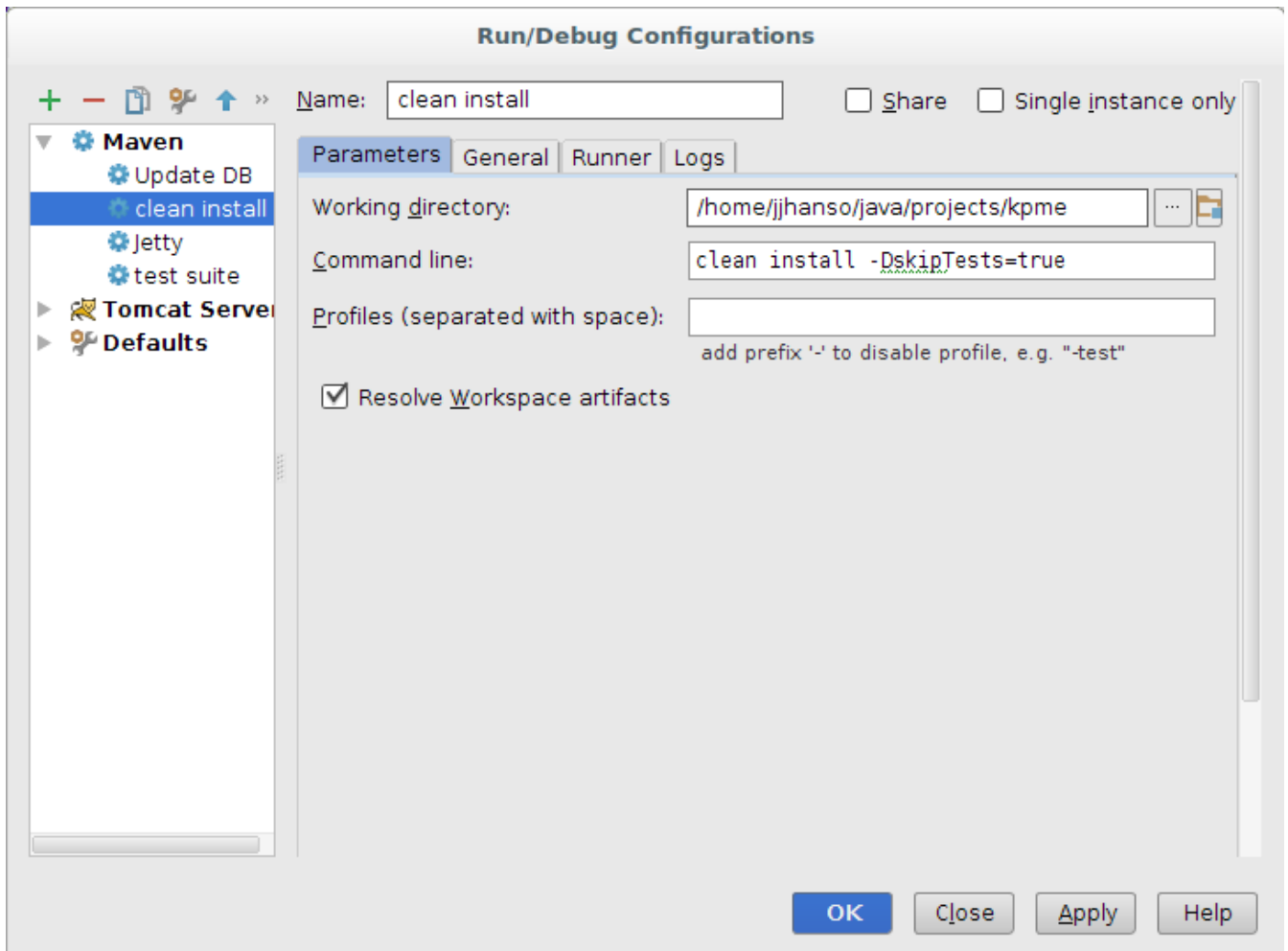
Update database (liquibase update)



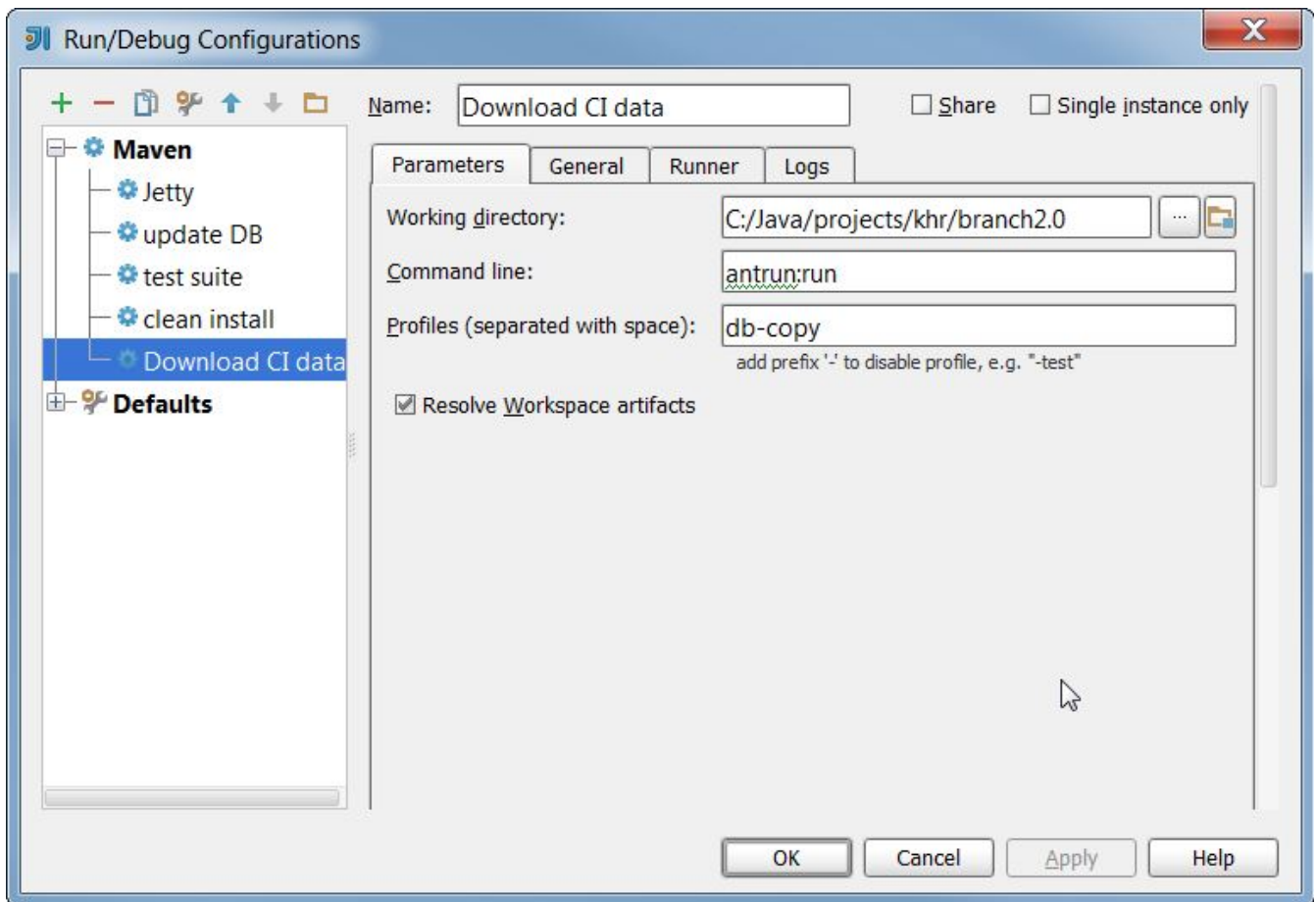
Run Test suite



Maven clean and install



Download CI data



Tomcat (next two pictures)

Note: for this to work, Tomcat needs to be installed, or unzipped on your computer somewhere. You can then tell IntelliJ where it is located by clicking "Configure" on the screen below. Additionally, you will need to copy the jdbc driver you are using to the Tomcat Servers "lib" directory.

